## Lothian NHS Board



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Lothian

**Private & Confidential** 

Date Our Ref **Enquiries to Health Protection** Extension 35420 / 35422 Direct Line 0131 465 5420 / 5422 Email:Health.Protection@nhslothian.scot.nhs.uk

Dear Parents, Carers and Staff,

## DIARRHOEA AND VOMITING AT KING'S PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL

A small number of children in King's Park Primary School are currently off ill with vomiting and/or diarrhoea. The symptoms are suggestive of viral gastroenteritis (also known as norovirus or winter vomiting disease) which is known to be currently circulating in the community. It is usually a short lived self-limiting illness from which children and adults recover quickly.

King's Park Primary School and NHS Lothian Health Protection Team, are working together to monitor and manage the situation. We are writing to you with the following advice:

- If your child is affected with vomiting and/or diarrhoea we would like to remind you that they should remain off school until they have been symptom free for at least 48 hours. This advice applies at all times. So for instance if your child becomes unwell over the weekend they should not attend school on Monday even if by then they feel well.
- Ensure that all members of your family wash their hands frequently using warm water and liquid soap, especially after using the toilet and before eating or preparing food.
- Should your child require medical attention for these symptoms, please inform the general practice by telephone in advance; as they may recommend a telephone consultation or that you pick up a sample pot so that a specimen of diarrhoea or vomit may be obtained.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Yours sincerely

Kaurinda Kenton

Laurinda Renton **Head Teacher** 

**Advanced Health Protection Nurse NHS Lothian** 







Headquarters Waverley Gate 2-4 Waterloo Place Edinburgh EH1 3EG

Chair Brian G. Houston Chief Executive Tim Davison Lothian NHS Board is the common name of Lothian Health Board





# NHS Lothian Advice for Schools (staff and parents) on Norovirus (Winter Vomiting Disease)

**Symptoms** 

Symptoms often start with the sudden onset of nausea followed by vomiting and watery diarrhoea.

Some people may have a raised temperature, headaches and aching limbs.

The illness is self-limiting and the symptoms will last for 12 to 60 hours. Most people make a full recovery within 1-2 days. However some people (usually the very young or elderly) may become very dehydrated and require hospital treatment.

**Exclusion periods** 

Those who have been infected should be excluded for up to 48 hours after their symptoms have ceased.

#### Treatment

There is no specific treatment for norovirus apart from letting the illness run its course. It is important to drink plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Norovirus does not respond to treatment with antibiotics.

Incubation period

Usually 24 to 48 hours.

#### Infectivity

The infective dose is extremely low, a person can become infected as a result of contact with a very small number of virus particles e.g. from touching a contaminated toilet or touching the area surrounding a vomiting incident.

A person remains infectious for 48 hours after symptoms have ceased.

#### Spread

Noroviruses are found in the vomit and faeces of infected people. People can become infected with the virus in several ways including by:

- Eating food or drinking liquids that are contaminated with norovirus
- Touching surfaces or objects contaminated with norovirus (e.g. toilets, handles and taps and then placing their hand in their mouth).
- Having direct contact with another person who is infected and showing symptoms (for example, when caring for someone with illness, or sharing foods or eating utensils with someone who is ill).

## Prevention of cases of norovirus

Good hygiene is especially important in preventing yourself and others from becoming infected.

Norovirus is easily spread from one person to another and the virus is able to survive in the environment for many days.

Norovirus is prevented from spreading by excluding those with symptoms, regular hand washing and robust environmental cleaning.

Hand washing

After every visit to the toilet and before handling or eating food pupils and staff should wash their hands thoroughly with soap and hot water, and should dry them on single use paper towels.

Young children may need supervision to ensure that adequate hand washing takes place.

An adequate supply of toilet paper, soap and paper towels should be available in school toilets at all times.

## Cleaning

Regular cleaning is important.

Vomiting and diarrhoea can cause widespread contamination of the surrounding area (clothing, furniture, flooring, doors and handles). Any surfaces potentially contaminated should be thoroughly cleaned with hot soapy water and a diluted bleach solution at the correct dilution-see manufacturers' guidance on bottle.

Toilet bowls, seats and flush handles along with any other surfaces that may have been touched by contaminated hands (i.e. door handles, tap handles etc.) should be washed and disinfected daily with and a diluted bleach solution at the correct dilution-see manufacturers guidance on bottle.

### Exclusion

Pupils and staff who have been infected should be advised to remain off school for 48 hours after their symptoms have ceased.

They should not visit friends or relatives in hospitals, nursing or residential care homes for 48 hours after their symptoms have ceased.

#### Care of affected cases

If possible anyone with symptoms should use a designated toilet not in general use by others.

Disposable gloves and aprons should be worn by staff cleaning up after an episode of illness.

Soiled clothes and bed linen should be washed on a hot wash.